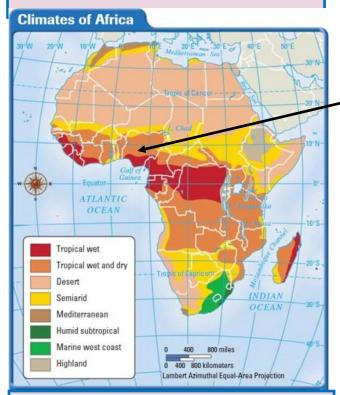
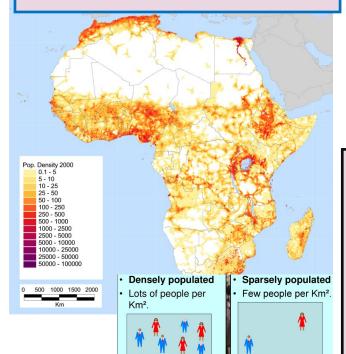
Geography—Year 7—Topic 1

Lesson 1-3: Climate – the long term (average) temperature and precipitation levels in a place

At the Equator: it is hot and wet, there are rainforests. It rains here because the heat from the sun causes air to rise and condense.



Lesson 5: Population is the number of people living in an area.



Adventures in Africa

Lesson 4: Many countries in Africa were colonised. **Colonialisation** – the process of acquiring land and exploiting its resources. Africa is rich in resources. Nigeria was colonised by the **British.**

Lesson 6-7: Nigeria is Africa's most populated country. It is an **emerging economy** which means it is middle income. It is growing in development, the economy and quality of life. Nigeria has lots of natural resources.

Lesson 8: Nigeria has lots of resources like oil. It also has investment from **TNCs (trans national companies).** Companies that operates in more than one country often with their HQ in a developed (richer) country. Like McDonald's and Shell.





Lesson 9: Nigeria has challenges. They are

- *social (about people, health, education)
 - * economic (money and jobs)
- *environmental (the natural world including climate change)

Lesson 9: Some challenges can be helped with aid (assistance by money, equipment, people). Such as **Water Aid.** Water aid is a charity supported by Brinsworth's Humanitarian Group.

WaterAid

KEY WORDS: social, economic, environmental, colonialism, population distribution and density, migration, emerging economy, developed, developing country, site, situation, manufacturing, ecosystem, aid, rural, urban, poverty, HDI, TNC, rapid urbanisation, challenges, pollution, technology, marine (ecosystem), latitude, savanna, desert, tropical rainforest, mountainous, condensation, evaporation, convection, resources, opportunities, sparse, dense, relief, life expectancy, birth rate, death rate, human geography, physical geography, capital city, country, continent, weather, climate, Equator.